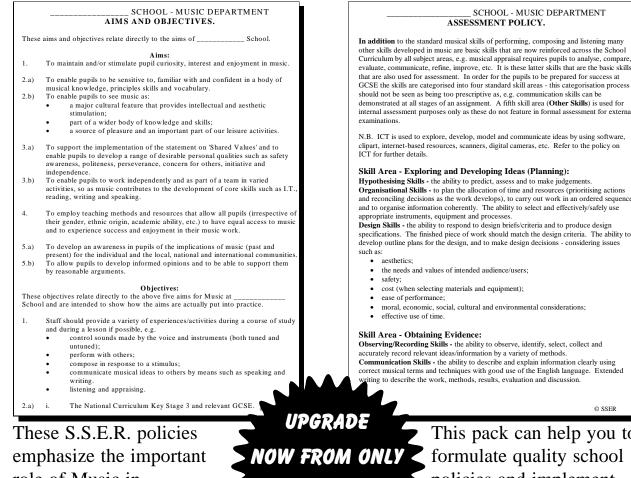
MUSIC chool Software & Educational Resources 3 MUSIG POLIGIES CD ROM FEATURES AN ACTIVE POLICY INDEX! ESSENTIAL FOR SUCCESSFUL: Fully editable in MS Word 🔊 and other word processors! DEPT. MANAGEMENT & INSET; MMMA Journal Review "..the fullness of the draft is impressive" **PROVISION OF DOCUMENTATION;** Actual quote from a customer "I shall recommend!" Music Adviser Midlands SCHOOL INSPECTION. S.S.E.R. is the U.K.'s leading supplier of policies to schools SeStEAR UDD and colleges - over 99% of all secondary schools and MUSIC POLICIES colleges (State and Independent) use our policy resource SCHOOL MANAGEMENT SERIES NERSION 2.0 packs! Deriving the structure for a policy can take as long as the discussion and writing process - we save you that time! S.S.E.R. policies are written by experienced Heads of Department and provide a professional and efficient way for you to write your own PC (DOSANINDOWS) GOMPATIBLE distinct policies and department handbook. Version 8.0 now SSER UD. PHONE/KAI 00509 806704 contains new policies on 'Citizenship', 'Pupil Attendance' & 'Job GOULTRY OF ORIGIN ILL. @ SSER LTD Descriptions'. This policy set incorporates current educational priorities and initiatives, e.g. 'Gifted & Talented' and 'Anti-racism'. Pages The Music Department - Handbook **Music Policies (Ver. 8.0)** Appx.) The Department Handbook (Contents PREFACE: The contents of this Handbook have been determined following consultations with all Aims Of The Music Department current members of the Departmental staff. The contents are subject to frequent and Job Description (Head Of Department) 3 regular review, and are amended as necessary, particularly in the light of changes in Job Description (Teacher) pertinent legislation, the adoption of new initiatives, or the publication of Pupil Inclusion & Music (General & SEN) OFSTED/OHMCI reports. In order to facilitate such amendments, the Handbook is Pupil Inclusion & Music (Differentiation) processed and held in a ring-file. A copy of the Handbook is held by the Head of Department and two copies by the Headteacher, one of which is the copy normally made Pupil Inclusion & Music (Multicultural) Pupil Inclusion & Music (Gender) available to visiting inspectors, governors and parents. Each member of the Departmental staff has been provided with a copy, and another has been placed in the Staff room for Pupil Inclusion & Music (Gifted & 9 general staff reference. Those entries for which there is an example in the SSER resource Pupil Attendance 5 pack are marked with an asterix, i.e.* Spiritual, Moral, Social & Cultural Development 4 6 Citizenship In Music Section 1: INTRODUCTION Health & Safety 11 Aims and objectives of: i. The School ii. The Music Dept. * Implementation of the Departmental curriculum: list of courses offered; number Stock Control b. Assessment/Recording/Reporting In Music 6 and sizes of pupil groups; percentage time allocations; extra-curricular lessons, etc. Assessment - Target Setting 6 Links with other departments and involvement in cross-curricular themes/events. Assessment - Marking Extra-curricular activities, e.g. clubs, visits. * d. Rewards And Sanctions Links with other educational institutions. e. f. Links within the community, local orchestras, choirs, etc. For parental liaison and Liaison With Parents involvement - see policy Section 3. Homework Financial Management Section 2: STAFFING Staff INSET Departmental staff and their responsibilities. a. Induction Of Newly Qualified Teachers (NQT) 6 Teaching staff (with job descriptions, administrative and teaching responsibilities). The allocation of teachers to pupil groups (for policy see Section 3). * Initial Teacher Training (ITT & QTS) b. Performance Management & Staff Appraisal 16 Current academic year timetables for: c. Staff Absence teaching staff (see Appendix) special needs support: timetable showing staff allocation. * Structuring The Music Timetable 1 The Music Club And Visitors d. Covering absent teachers (for policy see Section 3). 10 ICT And Music (Provision & Assessment) Section 3: DEPARTMENTAL POLICIES Displays And The Music Department Policy for the allocation of teachers to pupil groups. * 7 Organising Visits b. Policy for covering absent teachers. * Numeracy - General Considerations 6 (i) principles. * (ii) formal assessment (NC.). *
 (iii) informal assessment (for classwork, homework and completion of Numeracy - Drawing Graphs 16 Literacy - General Considerations (iii) Literacy - Designing And Choosing Resources 2 coursework). * (iv) recording and reporting assessment. * Literacy - Direct Activities Related To Text 1 target setting. Literacy - Spelling 6 (v) (vi) marking. Literacy - Handwriting 1 © SSER All 38 Policies 172

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THE MOST TIME EFFECTIVE WAY TO DEVELOP MUSIC POLICIES!



role of Music in contributing to the education of the 'whole child'.

SCHOOL - MUSIC DEPARTMENT INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGY

Introduction

- Introduction: The Music Department provides many opportunities for reinforcement and consolidation of I.C.T. skills. In developing the use of I.C.T. in its various course programmes, the Department consults regularly with the School's I.C.T. Co-ordinator.
- to develop their understanding of the use and effects of I.C.T., and their skills and confidence in employing it;
 to develop their understanding of the use and effects of I.C.T., and their skills and confidence in employing it;
 to become increasingly familiar with the hardware and software, and hence to become more aware of when and how to employ ICT in their work;
- to become increasingly and appropriately self-sufficient as learners.

Maintaining the whole school view: The Department submits, to the I.C.T. co-ordinator its termly plans for using I.C.T. for each year group on a simple pro-forma. This is used to produce a yearly outline of how and where I.C.T. is being used. This is displayed in the staffroom to help departments plan and share ideas.

Hardware and Software: The Department makes good use of the whole School I.C.T. facilities - including the network rooms and communication systems, e.g. the Internet and a local intranet. In addition the Department has its own specific hardware and software, i.e. several Pentium multimedia PCs interfaced with Yamaha MIDI keyboards, a laser printer and a colour inkjet printer. The Department employs a range of commercially produced software, including 'Music Workshop', 'Cakewalk Pro', Microsoft Instruments and the Composer collection and Works programmes. This range of hardware and software features, as and when appropriate, in all of the Department's courses, in order to provide pupils with ample opportunities to use and to enhance their I.C.T. capability. Our wide range of available resources facilitate pupils' experiences at a range of levels of sophistication. Pupils' ICT capability can be defined within four main categories. The delivery of ICT is via a broad Breadth of study' and in addition to the skills outlined in the following four main categories ICT is also expected that pupils will become aware of the associated educational, social, economic, industrial and safety implications of ICT and eventually be familiar with a wide range of hardware, software network rooms and communication systems, e.g. the Internet and a local intranet. In implications of ICT and eventually be familiar with a wide range of hardware, software and other ICT tools.

Category 1 - Finding things out Pupils should be:

- able to collect, retrieve and consider information and data from a variety of
- able to enter, retrieve and consider monimitor and data from a variety of sources, e.g. people, book, databases, multimedia CD-ROMs, videos and TV. able to enter and store information in a variety of forms, e.g. in a prepared database and to save their work on both fixed and removable storage media. able to retrieve information from their saved work on both fixed and removable
- storage media storage media. critical of the validity of information produced using ICT and be aware that the results may be affected by the use of inaccurate data or careless data entry. © SSER

This pack can help you to policies and implement effective INSET and performance management.

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_____ SCHOOL - MUSIC DEPARTMENT POLICY FOR IN-SERVICE TRAINING (INSET)

The Department's policy for INSET respectively incorporates policies concerned with The Department's point's for HSE's respectively incorporates pointes concented with the induction of a newly-qualified teacher (NQT) and with INSET provision generally, and in both cases, wherever appropriate, follows the overall policy of the School. When designing and implementing an in service training programme it is important to analyse the expressed needs of all staff involved. This may be done by use of a survey of individual, Departmental and Curricular needs. There are three groups of people

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(i) those involved in staff development and training;
 (ii) those responsible for school management including the Governing body.

- Five areas are particularly of concern in the design and implementation of the 'In Service Training' programme: (1) Are the School and Department Aims and Development plans being implemented?
- (2) Are staff allowed to consider their role as described in the School Are stall allowed to consider their role as described in the school Handbook and relevant policies? All Istaff need to be prepared to evaluate their own performance and skill, putting themselves in the position that their pupils are in as learners. By doing so the staff will become increasingly aware of their role and the ways in which that role can be made more effective. Are staff allowed the chance to develop the required skills?
- (3)
- A useful approach to helping staff develop such skills is first and foremost to help them identify the skills they already have, perhaps by some form of self-rating check-list. Are staff given enough time and opportunities to prepare adequately for (4) their role?
- their role? Are staff trained sufficiently to ensure that appropriate provision is maintained in the absence of certain staff? Each member of the Department participates in the decision making process but in addition is able to take on organisational roles, if they wish, to help in the development towards a Head of Department role in the future. (5)

Funding:

- The Department bids for and receives an INSET budget each year. The bid is closely allied to the Department's and the school's Development Plan. The budget received may be in the form of money or number of hours. The amount allocated
- The Head of Department works with the Department to Indus. The anduit and are defined in the term/year. The Head of Department works with the Department to produce a detailed INSET plan. The focus is manageable and realistic to allow targets to be reached each term/year. Extra hours for INSET are also available when the Department is able to support ledicit Teacher Teacher and the teacher of each force in a reactivity with 2
- Initial Teacher Training. The allocation of such funding is again negotiated with the Department to ensure the most cost effective use of the total available funds. Combination of funds from several sources and headings are used to give greater flexibility to the INSET budget. (see policy on Finance for more details) © SSER

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SCHOOL - MUSIC DEPARTMENT THE ORGANISATION OF EDUCATIONAL VISITS

INTRODUCTION:

This policy is not definitive and should not be taken as an authoritative interpretation of the law. However, it does conform to the legal framework set out in the booklet, Safety in Outdoor Education (1989) (DfEE), the DEE Circular 22/94 Safety in Outdoor Activity Centres and the booklet Health and Safety of Pupils On Educational Visits 1998. The Health and Safety at Work Act 1974 and the Management of Health and Safety at Work Regulations 1992, have also been considered in formulating this policy.

PRINCIPLES:

The School is committed to incorporating educational visits and visitors (see policy on Clubs/Visitors) into its scheme of work, providing that they will enhance pupils' relevant understanding and experiences, and that their inclusion is practicable, considering the constraints of staffing, cost and time. Visits help to develop a pupil's investigative skills and longer visits in particular encourage greater independence

All staff in the School have the option to take part in visits. If for any reason they do not wish to participate they should be prepared to cover for others.

Educational visits should be available to all of the pupils concerned, and should be organised accordingly, with particular consideration being given, especially when selecting venues and organising transport, to any pupils who have some sensory impairment or physical handicap. Just as all other elements in course programmes, educational visits should have clear, relevant and achievable aims and objectives.

A major consideration in the organisation of any visit must be the safety of the participants, and in this, as in all other respects, both the LEA. guidelines and the School policy must be complied with. The minimum adult-to-pupil ratio is dependent on the nature of the visit and the age of the pupils - staff must therefore check that they comply with all school and LEA. requirements and regulations. The organiser must be satisfied that the venue is a suitable one, with all that this entails, and, where applicable, that any officials from the venue who will be involved in the visit, are qualified and dependable.

SECTION 1 BEFORE THE VISIT

Exploratory/preliminary visits

All visits will benefit from an exploratory/preliminary visit if the visit is not a regular event For outdoor activities the exploratory visit is absolutely necessary for safety reasons but also for reasons of sound educational planning.

- Exploratory visits contribute to overall planning by ensuring that the venue:
- can be assessed with regard to its ability to meet the aims and objectives of the visit; can be effectively assessed for risk;

- ii. an acter for the individual needs of the group;
 iv. can direct the visit's itinerary to make the best use of the venue's education
- You can easily 'cut and paste' or adapt individual policies or policy sections to match your own specific needs and curriculum.

SCHOOL - MUSIC DEPARTMENT SPIRITUAL, MORAL, SOCIAL & CULTURAL DEVELOPMENT.

The School takes an active approach in the development of Spiritual, Moral, Social and Cultural aspects of our pupils' education. This policy is reinforced by many of our other policies, particularly those concerned with the 'Code of Behaviour', Equal Opportunities, Sex Education, Drugs Education and Citizenship (q.v.). School inspectors can inspect and/or report on the four components of 'Spiritual, Moral, Social and Cultural' development (SMSC) either individually or collectively - for this reason every area of the School curriculum has planned opportunities, identified within its scheme of work, for each of the four components to be developed. In drawing up this policy due regard has been given to

- consultation with parents, governors, teachers, school nurse and others in the local consultation with parents, governors, eachers, school muse and ones in the local community. Copies of this policy have been made available to all concerned parties including the LEA, teachers and parents; the issues of content, organisation, methodology, resources, outside speakers, the explicitness
- and presentation of their material (including the presence or intervention of teachers as
- appropriate); encouraging pupils to have regard to moral considerations and to appreciate the value of a stable family life, self-restraint, dignity, respect and to behave responsibility in personal matters

Specific Aims:

The following aims reflect those of the School and show how SMSC development is delivered within the context of a structured curriculum. By its planned delivery of SMSC issues and values the School aims

- To endow the pupils with positive pro-active attitudes, patterns of behaviour, lifestyles values, communication and decision making skills, and thereby enhance their personal and social development, e.g. we hope our pupils will be able to: make informed decisions and evaluate socio-economic/cultural influences

 - on their own behaviour and that of others; appreciate their own culture and those of others and the diversity and
 - richness that they bring to our society;
 - exhibit commitment and trust in human relationships; develop an understanding of citizenship in its broader sense; understand that we all have a contribution to make to SMSC matters;

 - understand that we an have a controlution to make to swisc matters,
 reflect on their own experiences so as to develop their own spiritual awareness and self knowledge;
 demonstrate self-esteem, self-awareness and a sense of moral and social responsibility.
 To allow pupils to experience events which can only be interpreted as spiritual, e.g. the
- To allow pupils to experience events which can only be interpreted as spinitual, e.g. the 'tingling of the spine' when listening to certain pieces of music. To contribute to a comprehensive curriculum by collaborative planning which has a coherent structure, breadth, balance, relevance, continuity, progression and a global dimension. To deliver SMSC issues by a variety of teaching/learning styles (both passive and active) and to provide a motivating context in which an holistic and relevant approach to learning will reinforce and generalise concepts, skills and attitudes across the Curriculum.

SCHOOL - MUSIC DEPARTMENT **INCLUSION POLICY - GENDER**

Preface: The growing number of contemporary musicians from both genders achieving success in a variety of musical styles helps to present a positive role models to both boys and in the style state and anality of musicians at all levels is also used to further enhance the sense of equality of the sexes.

- The Department rejects the view that any aspect of Music is the preserve of, or more suited to, either gender. The Department aims to provide Inclusion for pupils within a broad, balanced 2.
- curriculum, which does not discriminate against them because of gender.

Members of the Department, when devising and implementing their courses, strive to ensure

- that what they teach and how they teach it promotes the concept of Music as an important and valued realm of human activity of potential concern to all people; that, via sensible discussion and argument, they seek to counter any gender oriented bias towards or away from the subject or any aspect of it;

- that no pupil is denied access to any of the courses provided, nor, under normal circumstances, is excluded from any of the activities involved; that course content and its implementation, with all that this entails, take account of the gender (as well as the abilities, ethnicity and social circumstances) of the participating pupils. In most cases this means, at the very least, devising tasks and providing exemplary materials that have the potential to attract and sustain the interests of both male and female pupils, and, where appropriate, devising tasks and providing exemplars that also appeal to the interests of pupils from more than one ethnic background;
- that, normally and overall, equal demands are made on all pupils (regarding, say, that, normally and octain, equil definition index on a paper (equival), say, the distribution of teachers' questions); and equal value is placed on the contributions of all pupils (regarding, say, their responses to teachers' questions or their comments within a discussion);
- that stereotyping or bias by any individual, regarding the expected achievements of a certain gender, are avoided;
- that, in the Music rooms, there is no other form of discrimination against any particular individual or group.
- Members of the Department, when developing their resources, strive to ensure
- they portray a world view as seen from male and female perspectives and
- thereby communicate how it may feel to be of another gender; they are factually accurate and use up-to-date text and illustrations; they do not:

stereotype individuals or groups; equate men with being the dominant gender or women the subservient gender. However, such views, together with issues like that of the

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Improve upon your own **NOW FROM ONLY** < existing policies and use the ideas in the S.S.E.R. policies for your own development plans.

_____ SCHOOL - MUSIC DEPARTMENT LITERACY ACROSS THE CURRICULUM - GENERAL

INTRODUCTION Literacy can be simi

INTRODUCTION Literacy can be simply defined as 'the ability to read and write'. In the educational sphere it must also incorporate speaking and listening – correspondingly this policy refers to the development of good language skills (speaking, listening, reading or writing) rather than to a narrow definition of literacy. In addition to the more formal methods of teaching reading, writing, grammar, and spelling, language skills are taught within a variety of curricular contexts by meaningful and relevant activities. Only then can we ensure that our pupils become literate and that they enjoy language and communication in all their forms. Well structured lessons and courses of study enhance a pupil's ability to read, write, speak, listen and comprehend and will support attainment in the N.C. English requirements for Reading, Writing, Speaking and Listening.

AIMS

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UPGRADE

- The Department aims to contribute towards the development of good language skills and a

 - The Department anis to contribute towards the development of good ranguage skins and a level of literacy that enables pupils to:
 understand spelling systems and use them to spell and read accurately;
 have finent and legible handwriting;
 have an interest in 'printed words' and their meanings;
 have a growing vocabulary that can be used to ait their comprehension and expression, e.g. when trying to understand and discuss their own and others' reading and writine: nave a growing vocaouary inat can be used to ato their comprehension and expression, e.g. when trying to understand and discuss their own and others' readi and writing: have growing powers of imagination, creativity and critical awareness; enjoy reading and writing and in so doing exhibit confidence, fluency, enjoyment
 - and comprehension;
 - utilise a variety of reading cues (phonic, graphic, syntactic, contextual). This will

 - unities a variety of reading cues (priorit, graphic, syntactic, contextuar). This will enable pupils to monitor their own reading and correct their mistakes; be able to plan, draft, revise and edit their own writing; be able to write about a range of texts (fiction and non-fiction) exhibiting a sound knowledge and an ability to evaluate and justify their preferences; know about the ways in which narratives are structured, i.e. setting, character, plot atri-

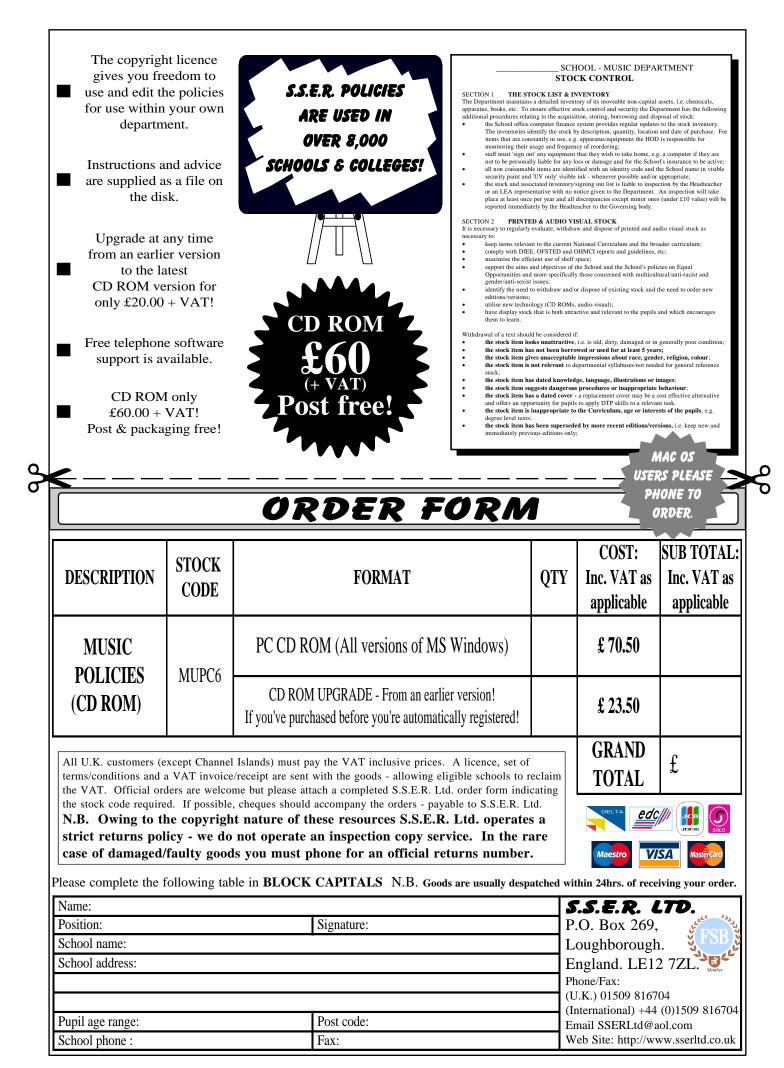
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- etc; know about and be able to write in, a range of fiction and poetry genres. To support the Whole School's move towards more interactive teaching with whole classes and groups. To support the Whole School's management of literacy through target setting linked to systematic action planning, monitoring and evaluation. To identify specific needs such as the need for of out-of-school courses and in-school support for professional development.

Language development must be a continuous learning process, and not be confined to any one particular Key Stage. It can be assessed across a broad range of activities. Certain skills can be revised continuously in order to refine pupil's language development.

Children come to school with very different language experiences, capabilities and skills. Some start with the ability to read and write, and speak more than one dialect. Others have very little knowledge and poor language skills. It is important that teachers use a child's experiences/skills in order to develop and improve their capabilities - the School's schemes of work reflect this.

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